



FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 21, 1899

WHAT STRIKES the average intelligent foreigner in this country as remarkable, is the fact that while untold travesties upon justice are practiced by the courts here, certain Northern newspapers and people hardly notice them; but devote much of their space and time to the denunciation of British and French courts for the decisions they have rendered in the cases of a woman who, certainly in accordance with the evidence, deliberately poisoned her sick husband, of whom she had grown tired, and an army officer who sold plans of his country's defenses to a foreign government. But the faculty of seeing notes in other people's eyes, and not the beams in our own, is as well developed in the North now, as it ever was any where else, at any time.

THAT AT LEAST some Porto Ricans, if not all, have common sense, is rendered conspicuous by the fact that one of them, who came here as a commissioner from his people, says he is informed by the State Department that he is neither a Spanish nor an American citizen, and that as there never has been any government in Porto Rico than the Spanish and the American, he would like to know to whom his allegiance is due. He naturally supposes that he is "Mr. Nobody from No Where." They do things better in Europe, where there is no shirt sleeve diplomacy.

ONE of the grounds upon which the republicans and their allies, the bolting so-called democrats, base their opposition to Mr. Bryan, is the fact that in the rush and crush at a recent banquet given to him in New York, one or two negroes got into the banquet hall. Why, the republican party made the negroes the civil and political, and tried to make them the social equals of white people, and a prominent bolter drank wine with them even in the executive mansion at Richmond. But efficiency, not consistency, is characteristic of such people.

THOSE newspapers of Baltimore that did all they could to impose republican, and therefore necessarily negro rule upon that city, two years ago, have already become tired of such rule and are exerting their utmost efforts in an attempt to subvert it and restore the rule of white democracy. If only republicans and bolters lived in Baltimore, few would object to negro domination there, but, luckily for that city, many of its worthiest people are true and conservative democrats.

MR. BRYAN says Thomas Jefferson believed in a free press. But General Henry has muzzled the press of Porto Rico, now a part of the United States. General Henry, however, has little or no opinion of the teachings of such a noted civilian as the sage of Monticello. He is accustomed to commanding black troops in this country, and, not unnaturally, imagines he has the right to command editors in Porto Rico, whether they be black or white.

IT IS ANNOUNCED from Cuba that claim agents in Washington have offered to collect the Cuban claims against this government, already amounting to thirty odd million dollars, for a contingent fee of forty per cent. It will only be in the sweat and by and by that the people of this country will cease to be taxed to pay the expense of the needless war their government prosecuted against a friendly nation that did every thing in reason avoid war.

THE condition of affairs in Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippine Islands is anything else than conducive to the idea that the Spanish war has resulted to the interest of the people of either this country or those of any of the islands referred to. But those who sow the wind must reap the whirlwind. It was so in the beginning and will be in the end, and there is no help in us.

MR. HULL, chairman of the military affairs committee of the U.S. House of Representatives, says that in addition to the sixty-five thousand regulars, the President will be compelled to call out the thirty-five thousand volunteers authorized by the army bill, in order to secure life and property in the newly conquered provinces. Flunder must be well guarded.

THE PEOPLE of Atlanta have presented a Northern band-master there with a wreath of roses for refusing to play Dixie and for assigning as the reason of his refusal the statement that his band did not know how to play that tune. But Georgia is "progressive" and "gushing," and has forgotten the men who made her famous.

South Mountain is on fire from Pen Mar to near Rohrer's, Pa., a distance of over ten miles. Thousands of dollars' worth of valuable timber has been burned. Scores of men are fighting the fire, but the heat is so intense that their efforts avail little. The fires were started by mountaineers burning brush.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, April 21.  
People from Alexandria county here today say the President is expected to visit Falls Church early next month, to make a short address there, and that if he shall do so they hope he will avail himself of the favorable opportunity to say a good word for the proposed Arlington bridge, in which the people of Fairfax county are specially interested.

It is believed here from what is going on among certain republicans in Kentucky, Illinois, Ohio, Maine and some other States, that the renomination of Mr. McKinley will not be as unanimous as has heretofore been supposed, and that Mr. Reed's resignation leaves him free to oppose that renomination if he shall be disposed to do so, as those who know him well seem to think he will do.

Strange as it may seem to people not familiar with the condition of affairs here, the acquittal of Senator Quay and his reappointment as Senator by Governor Stone are applauded here by democrats as well as republicans.

Congressman Jones of Virginia and Mr. R. Walton Moore, of the same State, for the Richmond (so styled) convention, were here today, probably on their way to Richmond, where the headquarters of those in favor of the anti-Martin movement have been opened, and where there is a force of assistants. The leaders will assemble there from time to time between this and the date of the proposed assembly, to consider the ways and means by which they may promote their object. They may, it is said, actually go to the extent of nominating a man for Senator.

Mr. Coleman, the polite and efficient night clerk of the Hotel Johnson, the headquarters of the Virginia republican committee, when here, is an old Alexandria boy, belonging to the Coleman family of Washington street.

Messrs. Nathaniel Floyd Featherstone and Frank C. Caldwell, who were some time ago transferred from Mr. Agnew's office in Alexandria to internal revenue connections in the Treasury Department here, have both been promoted, the former from \$806 to \$1,000, the latter from \$720 to \$840, although both are Democrats. The office here says they called on Mr. Agnew for a couple of good clerks and got what they asked for. Mr. Featherstone still resides in Alexandria, where he has a family.

Ex-State Senator R. Walton Moore of Fairfax county, Va., is here today as counsel in the case of the will of Maria Coles, who left a large estate in this city. Some of the contestants are Fredericksburg people who are heirs at law of Mr. Mills the first husband of Mrs. Coles and once the owner of the will of the property. The case is in Judge Hagler's court. The jury was called today and will meet Monday.

Dr. E. H. Marsteller, surgeon of the U.S. ship Raleigh, has arrived here, the doctor having from Prince William county, Virginia, and has many friends and acquaintances in Alexandria.

It is understood that Gen. Miles does not propose to abandon his fight for the vindication of the charges he has brought against those who supplied embalmed beef to the army; that he anticipates the court will not sustain those charges, and in this event he will demand a court martial of every member of the court. His friends claim that at least one member of the court is greatly prejudiced against him, and failing to secure a court martial it is believed that a congressional investigation will undertake to follow. Senator Foraker is said to be his strong supporter and will represent his interests before Congress.

Mr. Joseph Jefferson, the actor, while playing here last week, learned that there existed some programmes of the old Alexandria theatre bearing his father's name. He wrote the possessor a very polite letter with regard to the play bills, which will be sent to him gratuitously.

Capt. E. T. Kindred, of Roanoke, formerly doorkeeper of the House of Delegates, at Richmond, is at the national. He is the rock ribbed democrat as of yore, though growing a bit old and much gray.

Secretary Long said this morning that he did not believe the reported capture of the Falke's commander at Apia was authentic.

The following cablegram was received at the War Department this morning from Manila: Troops abundantly supplied and sickness, wounded included, only seven and a fraction per cent of command.

Ex-Secretary John Sherman, apparently in splendid health for a man of his age, was at the White House today to pay his respects to the President.

There is no doubt of the fact that though Mr. Reed's resignation affords no little gratification to the administration, it is the cause of much anxiety to the republicans party, as the impression in that party is that it has revealed a great lack of material from which to select his successor. Sherman, Henderson, Hopkins, Henderson, Cannon, Daizell and others are spoken of, but none of them can compare with Mr. Reed in any respect.

The managers of the Washington and Falls Church electric railroad say their branch to the Theological Seminary is completed within two miles and a half of that point, and that their team from the Seminary has been surveyed to Alexandria, parallel with the Little River Turnpike.

A republican member of the next House, here to-day, says the resignation of Mr. Reed detracts the last hope that ex-Congressman Walker of Virginia may have had for obtaining the seat in the next House for which he is contesting.

A Pennsylvania republican, now here, says Mr. Quay is a better as a fighter, and that the fact that when his friends asked the President to call off his postmaster general, who in his Philadelphia newspaper fought him all through his late campaign, said he could not take part in State politics, the Senator cut a notch in his stick and will be sure to show it to his friends at the next national republican convention, and, if not effective there, will take pains to have it on exhibition at all the election precincts in his State at the election in 1900.

A member of the executive committee of the republican party of Virginia, now in the city talking about the anti-Martin movement in his State, said he hoped it would succeed, as, if so, it would create a split in the democratic party there, but that all he heard about it, induced him to believe that it would be a fizzle and that Mr. Martin would be re-elected without any trouble.

The State Department has been informed that ex-Governor W. P. Lord of Oregon, has declined the appointment as minister to Persia recently tendered to him.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Three cases of yellow fever developed in Havana yesterday.

There is another hung jury in the case of "Col." G. P. Austin, on trial at Newport News for criminal assault.

Governor Johnson, of Alabama, has called a special session of the legislature to repeal the act providing for a constitutional convention.

General Otis has advised the War Department that an army of 30,000 men will be large enough for the operations in the Philippines.

Sergeant Major Albrecht, of the German army, has been arrested on the charge of furnishing Russian agents with German military plans.

The famous Newgate prison, in London, is to be demolished and a new central Criminal Court building erected on its site.

Admiral Dewey has heard nothing to determine the fate of Lieutenant Gilmore and the fourteen American soldiers who disappeared near Baler, Luzon.

Representatives Henderson and Hepburn, of Iowa, are candidates for the speakership of the next Congress, and each one expects to get the support of the entire Iowa delegation in Congress.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, who has been on a visit to Richmond, Va., says he is not an aspirant for the presidential nomination. He thinks Wm. J. Bryan will be the democratic nominee in 1900.

Henry A. Bourne, president of the Old Dominion Steamship Company, whose boats run from New York to Norfolk and Richmond, died yesterday at his home in New York of lung trouble developed from an attack of grip.

Another large cargo of bananas, 21,000 bunches, arrived at Baltimore from Porto Antonio yesterday in the steamer Jamaica. Nearly 100,000 bunches of bananas have so far arrived in Baltimore this week.

A crowd of white men, composed of citizens of the Palmetto, Ga., vicinity who are not away hunting for Sam Hose, the murderer and ravisher, are scouring the country between Palmetto and Newnan for a negro who attempted to assault Mrs. William Sewell, the wife of a white farmer.

The Vienna Neue Freie Presse asserts that the estate left by the Baroness Maric de Hirsch de Gerenth, who died April 1, has been valued at \$125,000,000, of which \$100,000,000 will be expended in carrying on the various charities founded or fostered by the Baron and Baroness. The Hirsch Foundation, in New York, receives \$1,200,000 and the institute at Montreal one-tenth of that sum.

A dispatch from Manila says: Spain's evacuation of the Philippine Islands will be practically completed by the withdrawal of the Spanish garrison from Zamboanga, Island of Mindanao, and from the Sulu Islands, and if the United States assumes control of Mindanao and the Sulu Islands on the Spaniards withdrawing, the military authorities at Manila must, in order to garrison those islands, diminish the forces of American troops, which are already too small.

A hearing on the report of the court which investigated the conduct of the Seventy-first regiment of New York city, at Santiago, was given by Governor Roosevelt at Albany, N. Y., yesterday. The hearing developed the fact that the court of inquiry found that Major Smith, who was lieutenant colonel of the volunteer regiment, Captain Whittle, who was major in that command, and Major Austin, of the staff of Brigadier General Smith, and who commanded a company in that regiment, were guilty of lack of bravery and courage, and of incompetency.

## DANGER OF A STANDING ARMY.

The Alhambra, at Syracuse, N. Y., with a seating capacity of 3,000 people, was comfortably filled with an enthusiastic crowd last night to hear Col. William Jennings Bryan. Mr. Bryan, on being introduced, was cheered to the echo. His address covered old ground on the subject of income tax and the currency. Taking up the subject of expansion, Mr. Bryan said: "A large standing army is a burden to the taxpayers and a menace to the republic. This nation can depend upon its volunteers. They can defend it in the hour of danger. [Vociferous applause.]

"What has happened to make more soldiers necessary? Nothing but a republican administration. The President says our occupation of Cuba is temporary. There is no trouble in Porto Rico. Seventy thousand soldiers are wanted to carry the burden of the cost? If the Filipinos, they must be taxed four times as high as Spaniards tax them."

"If we pay it, ask a gold man to show you how it will get back to the taxpayers. Common people furnish soldiers, and syndicates get the money paid for war. I don't want a single soul to be brought under the American flag unless he can share in every blessing of this government. [Applause.] Shall we call our chief executive President of the United States and Emperor of the Philippines?"

"Government by one man backed by force is despotism. People who are opposed to taking the Philippines plead not for the Filipinos, but for the American people, lest they may be becoming accustomed to despotism be prepared to yield to despots. I oppose Christianity fired out of a Gatling gun. The man who is hit doesn't need the Gospel."

"Does the laboring man want Oriental labor to compete with him? Every nation in Europe wants us guilty of conquest. If we are to become an empire let us send Bartholdi's statue back to France and go to England and borrow a statue of William the Conqueror. Let us treat the Filipinos as we would the Cubans, and we will erect in the harbor of Manila, a new statue of liberty in the old world."

MAY CAUSE DEATH.—Physicians are watching with much interest signs of hydrophobia that have developed during the three days illness of Joseph Ryan, the 13-year-old son of John Ryan, who lives at Guttenberg, N. Y. While playing in front of the house two months ago young Ryan was bitten by a dog. The wound was cankerized, it soon healed and the dog apparently enjoyed good health. The dog was shot the day he was bitten. His mother found him in great pain three days ago. He would not drink water, and on Wednesday became violent at the sight of it. Dr. Henry Von der Bach said after an examination that there were symptoms of hydrophobia. The boy grew worse, and his condition is now serious.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

The State auditor has just finished paying out pensions to ex-Confederate soldiers of this State. During the year just closed 31,000 of these pensioners were paid.

Miss Kate M. Huggins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Huggins, and L. Eugene Pugh, of Norfolk, were married yesterday at the home of the bride's parents.

Mr. W. S. Summers, one of Loudoun county's most efficient deputy sheriffs, who was paralyzed about two months ago, appeared in Leesburg for the first time on Wednesday, having almost entirely recovered.

With a capital stock of \$250,000, the Norfolk-Hampton Roads Company was incorporated yesterday. The company will improve a large tract of water front property between Norfolk and Sewell's Point, and beautify its land so as to furnish suburban residents all city conveniences.

Three firemen, Edward Stinnett, Dennis O'Leary and Patrick McDonald, were injured in a race to a fire by the overturning of the hose wagon while rounding a corner. The trouble was caused by the wheel catching in the tongue of the wagon. McDonald's injuries are serious. O'Leary is badly hurt, but will recover. Stinnett may die, as he is injured internally.

The jury in the trial of Thomas W. Price, at Farmville, for the murder of Hall Carter, brought in a verdict at 10 o'clock last night of a verdict in the first degree. This was the second trial, and the jury came from Lynchburg. The verdict was the same at the first trial. A dramatic scene was enacted in court yesterday morning when Price left the prisoner's pen, and grasping the gun with which he killed Carter, showed the jury just how the murder was committed. Price is nearly seventy years old.

The aftermath of the disorder on the part of the colored laborers at Holt and Church streets, Norfolk, Wednesday night, was tried before Police Justice Tomlin yesterday morning, when the six rioters arrested for assaulting the men who were at work were arraigned for trial. As a result of a conference between the committee of strikers and counsel for the sewer contractors, the warrants against all six of the riotous laborers were dismissed at the request of the prosecution. A written contract pledging the strike leaders to prevent further disorder has been entered into.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad has ordered two eight-wheel passenger locomotives from the Schenectady Locomotive Works. They will be similar to those used by the Chicago and Northwestern on the celebrated fast mail service. From the Richmond Locomotive Works they have ordered nine consolidation engines, weighing 131,200 pounds each. The same company will also order many other equipments, locomotives, etc., for its Greenbrier branch and contracts will be let in a few days. The "Big Four" Road has obtained from the Richmond Locomotive Works an immense mastodon engine, the largest in the whole system.

## THE SAMOAN TROUBLE.

PASSENGERS on the steamer Aorangi, which arrived at Victoria, B.C., yesterday from Australian ports, say the captain of the German warship Falke at Apia, Samoa, has been arrested by the British commander there and at last accounts was a prisoner on the British cruiser Porpoise.

They say this report was taken to Australia by passengers from Apia, who stated it as a fact. According to this account the Falke was moored between the Porpoise and the U.S. cruiser Philadelphia and orders were sent aboard directing her to remain there or "if she moved she would be blown out of the water." No one, it is said, is allowed to leave her or go aboard without written permission of Captain Sturdee, of the Porpoise, or Admiral Kautz, of the Philadelphia. The passengers also say that there are small bush fights daily.

A special from Victoria, B. C., says that the steamer Aorangi, from Australia, brings advice that the commander of the German man-of-war Falke, at Samoa, who was arrested April 1 by the British and held a prisoner on the Porpoise, was surprised by a squad of British sailors while he was handing arms and ammunition to Mataafa's rebels.

After the arrest of the Falke's commander, it is stated, a conference was held between Captain Sturdee and Admiral Kautz, and the Porpoise and the Philadelphia steamed into position on either side of the Falke. According to the same account, orders were then sent aboard that if she made a move of any kind she would be blown out of the water. No one was allowed to go aboard or leave the German ship, it is said, without written permission, signed by either Captain Sturdee or Admiral Kautz.

Fighting continues between the forces of Mataafa and Malletton Tana. Both sides with slight loss of life are daily fighting and business is practically at a standstill.

There is considerable sickness among seamen of the Porpoise and Philadelphia. Three of the Porpoise's crew died from fever. Lieutenant Garnet, of the Porpoise, is among the sick. Mataafa's cause is waning.

No credence is giving in Washington to the above statement.

A BILLION DOLLAR TRUST.—The Trenton, N. J., State authorities are jubilant over the prospect of the incorporation under the New Jersey laws of two great trusts. The capitalization of one will be \$1,000,000,000, and of the other \$500,000,000. In each case it will be a consolidation of copper interests in various parts of the country. The incorporation fees of these two companies will bring to the State Treasury \$300,000. It is said these two trusts will file their certificates within the next ten days. It is reported that a company is being formed and will be chartered this week, having for its purpose the consolidation of electric railroads in the vicinity of Reading, Pa. This company is to be capitalized for \$10,000,000. Among the companies incorporated Wednesday were: E. E. Smathers & Co., \$1,000,000; International General Company, \$1,000,000; Chestnut Hill Improvement Company, \$200,000; American Manufacturing Company, \$125,000; Federal Car Truck Motor Company, \$300,000; Double Duty Range Manufacturing Company, \$100,000; Mercantile Traffic Association, \$100,000; the Celluloid Starch Company, \$250,000; Atlantic Electric Vehicle Company, \$100,000.

Col. Wm. J. Bryan left Syracuse this morning for Buffalo where he will speak tonight.

## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

Rome, April 21.—Rome is decorated today in honor of the 2523d anniversary of its foundation.

The Pope has decided to consecrate the new century to the Redeemer with a papal mass in Saint Peter's on New Year's Day 1900. A solemn celebration will also be held in Jerusalem.

Hong Kong, April 21.—The British extension in the Kow Loon district, opposite Hong Kong, has been cleared of rebels. The Chinese were followed by the British troops from village to village at each of which the rebels attempted to make a stand but the British blew down the gates and routed them from the houses. The native casualties were numerous.

Paris, April 21.—It is reported that there are three cases of the plague in Paris, all among the employees in a draper's shop, who caught the disease, it is said, from handling recently imported oriental carpets.

The Prefect of Police denies the story of three men having caught the plague in Paris from handling oriental carpets, which was printed in the Fronde this morning.

Paris, April 21.—Senator Agoncillo, the Filipino agent, resolutely refuses to be interviewed concerning the reported split in the junta here. He seems to be a very busy man, and evidently has plenty of money still. The number of visitors at the junta's headquarters is decreasing.

Brussels, April 21.—The coal miners' strike which began recently in the Central districts of Belgium is spreading. There are 36,500 men out which is double the number of strikers the first of the week. The strike is marked generally by orderliness although one miner was killed yesterday with a hatchet in a row.

London, April 21.—A dispatch from Shanghai says that the German cruiser Gellion has been ordered to proceed to Samoa.

## Quay Acquitted.

Philadelphia, April 21.—The case of ex-Senator Quay, who has been on trial on a charge of conspiracy to mislead the State funds, was given to the jury at 3 p. m. yesterday. Many notable republican politicians of the State were in the courtroom today. Shortly before 11 o'clock Judge Biddle resumed his seat on the bench and at three minutes of eleven the court was formally opened. Then the jury filed in and took their seats. All of the twelve members of the jury, have you agreed upon a verdict? asked the clerk. "We have," answered the foreman, as he presented the bill of indictment. "What say you, do you find the defendant guilty or not guilty. The foreman answered, in a voice audible throughout the courtroom: "Not Guilty." Pandemonium followed this. The spectators rose and cheered, and there was a simultaneous rush to congratulate Senator Quay. It was understood that from the first ballot the jury stood 11 to 1 for acquittal. Senator Quay left the court room with his attorneys. He refused to make any statement at present.

After the verdict had been rendered, a woman made her way from the crowd and grasped Senator Quay by the hand, saying: "Senator Quay, thank God you are among your friends again. The prayers of the righteous have been with you, and I, for one, won't cease praying." Then for the first time in the case the former Senator showed emotion. Tears came to his eyes, and he said, "I want to thank you for that." It was with difficulty that he reached the door and his appearance in the corridor was followed by a wild burst of enthusiasm.

The jury took three ballots in the case. One yesterday afternoon, when they retired and another last night before going to bed. On both of these ballots they stood ten for acquittal and two for conviction. The latter two men were not won over until a few minutes before the jury entered the courtroom. Mr. Rothwell said that the remaining dictum would mean acquittal for the present, but was still pending. It is said that on a date when it will attract less attention they will be submitted to a jury and verdict of not guilty taken.

## Quay Appointed Senator.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 21.—At noon today Governor Stone appointed Matthew Stanley Quay Senator from Pennsylvania. The appointment is to hold until the next session of the legislature. The following is Governor Stone's official announcement of the appointment of Mr. Quay.

Washington, D. C.: By virtue of the power vested in me as Executive of the State of Pennsylvania, under article one, clause two, section three, of the Constitution of the United States, I hereby make temporary appointment of the Honorable Matthew Stanley Quay to be United States Senator from Pennsylvania until the next meeting of the Pennsylvania legislature to fill the vacancy now existing in this State.

Very respectfully,  
WILLIAM A. STONE,  
Governor of Pennsylvania.

The action of Gov. Stone had been foreshadowed for some time. It has been understood that no matter what the precedent set by the United States Senate against the admission of Senators thus appointed was Mr. Stone had fully determined upon this course of action before the Quay trial began, and openly stated that upon its conclusion, with a verdict of acquittal, he would send Mr. Quay back to the Senate.

The news of the acquittal of ex-Senator Quay was heard with great joy by the Quay people, but the anti-Quay people had largely discounted the verdict, and were not at all astonished.

## Mining for Philippine Gold.

Manila, April 21.—Private Bogan, of the Montana regiment, who had done some placer mining in New Mexico and Nevada, thought there was some chance of obtaining "color" in a little stream near here and tried it. He got 45 Mexican cents' worth of yellow metal in two hours. He and three companions later took out \$7 worth of the metal. But they could not keep the secret and now whenever a Montana man has leisure he will be found with a pan in La Loma creek. Two dollars can be taken from surface washings per day, and with sluice and proper working ten times that much can be realized. Many soldiers expect to stay here with the hope of developing another Klondike.

## Railroad Wreck.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 21.—A freight wreck occurred this morning between Sloan's valley and Greenwood on the Cincinnati Southern railroad, in which several persons are reported to have been killed. The conductor and brakeman are missing and are doubtless dead. There were several tramps aboard, all of whom lost their lives. The train was running at a high rate of speed when a car broke down at the end of a high bridge, known as McKee's. About 25 cars were demolished and precipitated into a deep gulch.

## The Counterfeiter.

Philadelphia, April 21.—Every indication points to sensational developments in the great counterfeiting conspiracy. Rumors were afloat today that the most startling move of the United States secret service is to be made before the day is over. This rumor has it that another arrest even more sensational than that of ex-Assistant U. S. District Attorney Newitt is to be made at once. Various names, many of them well-known to Philadelphia, are mentioned in this connection. It is known that eight warrants have been issued by the United States commissioner, but six of that number have been served. United States District Attorney Breck would not say whether Jacobs, the ringleader of the counterfeiter, had made a confession.

## Has Troubles of His Own.

Victoria, B. C., April 21.—King George Tafoe, of the island kingdom of Tonga, wants to marry but cannot decide between two ladies of his kingdom. The German vice consul has ordered him to dismiss his ministry, as they refuse to order natives to pay some old debts due to German firms. The treasurer of the kingdom decamped with the funds, taking also the king's yacht. In attempting to get away the treasurer wrecked the yacht but made his way to Samoa with the stolen funds. The greatest trouble may come when Great Britain, who has a protectorate over the Tonga islands, asks Germany for an explanation of the action of the vice consul in interfering in the affairs of the kingdom.

## Testimony in the Dreyfus Case.

Paris, April 21.—The Figaro today prints the testimony given before the court of cassation by Major Forzinetti, who was Dreyfus's jailer during the latter's trial in 1894. Major Forzinetti expressed himself convinced that the prisoner was innocent. He said Col. De Cham visited Dreyfus and resorted to extraordinary sweat box methods to extort a confession from him but without avail, as Dreyfus continually protested his innocence. Forzinetti said the scenes between Dreyfus and his wife were heartrending. Dreyfus regarded suicide as the only way of escaping from his degradation but finally promised for his wife's sake not to take his life.

## A Youthful Culprit Acquitted.

Muncie, Ind., April 21.—The jury in the Frederick Oland murder case rendered a verdict of acquittal in about one minute after they had begun deliberating. The crime with which Oland was charged was the killing of Andrew Bodenkall, 5 years old. The child's body was found covered with a box, lying in a sand pit adjoining the Oland residence. Suspicion pointed toward young Oland, who is but 14 years old, and he said he killed the child while shooting at a rabbit, but immediately afterward said he told a lie, and the long trial followed.

## Outrage by Whitecaps.

Middlesboro, Ky., April 21.—Whitecaps took Lucinda Davis and three daughters, Wednesday night, from their home in Powell's Valley, and after severely beating them, burned their house. The women were given 24 hours to leave the country. When the whitecaps came to the Davis home two men fired on them from ambush without result. The fire was returned and, after going to the spot later, there was evidence that some one had been shot.

## Sacrificed to Appease a God.

Bombay, April 21.—The "Times" of India, relates a curious instance of Indian superstition and modern invention. The engine in a cotton mill at Hingoli broke down recently and the native workmen believing it to be a god, decided that it wished to be propitiated. They subsequently thrust a coolie into the furnace and he was incinerated. The engine, however, was still obdurate.

## The Markets.

Chicago, April 21.—The market closed as follows: Wheat—July 75¢, May 74¢, 74½¢, Corn—July 34¢, May 33½¢, Oats—July 24¢, May 23½¢, Pork—May \$9.20, Jan 55¢, 55¢.  
Georgetown, April 21.—Wheat 75½¢.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

General and Mrs. Harrison left Indianapolis last evening for Hot Springs, Va. After two weeks rest in Virginia the general will go to New York, whence he will sail for Paris May 17.

While on his way to the Corn Exchange Bank in Philadelphia today, a coolie belonging to George B. Evans, a druggist, Wm. C. Werner, aged 17, was set upon and brutally assaulted by James Bollen. Werner, who is a clerk for Evans, carried the money in an ordinary bank bag. Bollen, when arrested, would make no statement as to why he attacked Werner. The police believe the motive for the assault was robbery, while eye witnesses think it was the settlement of an old grudge. The weapon used was a piece of iron pipe.

The National Cycling Association was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., today. The association is understood to be organized for the purpose of fighting the L. A. W.

The Military Encho Party at the Young Men's Society Lyceum Hall last night was well attended and greatly enjoyed by all present. Mr. Thomas Hoy won the first gentlemen's prize and Mrs. James Quinn won the ladies' prize.

The New York State today confirmed the appointment of the Pan American exposition commissioners.

THAT THREE MILLION.—Governor General Brooke, in the distribution of the \$3,000,000 to the Cuban soldiers, has determined to treat the Cuban officers as "soldiers and gentlemen" and not to go behind the rolls they submit. Hence the Cuban lists will be accepted on their face with the elimination of those who entered the army after July 1898, and those who are now holding civil offices. Any Cuban named on the lists who is identified by his captain will get a share. General Gomez will of course receive a share.

The wrecking steamer Rescue, of the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Co., is being fitted out at Stapleton, New York, for a trip to Santiago to tow the raised Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes, of Admiral Cervera's fleet, to Norfolk, Va. The Rescue is the largest wrecking steamer afloat, and officials are confident that she can bring the war ship safely to port whatever the conditions. She will sail about May 15.

## BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.

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